

Essential Numbers and a note on worldviews

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Essential Numbers

Since 2003 I have had the point of view that clear thought requires a different attitude to infinity questions in whole number and decimal number thinking than that which has been the mainstream current of so-called "mathematics" in the 20th century since Georg Cantor.

Clear thought--a concept which Cambridge online dictionary defines as the core of the concept of rationality--is related to the notion of clear ideas. And it is a clear idea that when infinitely many numbers are allowed to grow infinitely, infinite-sized numbers arise. This is easy to show.

As a result, it is possible to seek to define limited numbers as a peculiarity on a background of that which seems more natural, namely infinite sets involving infinite-sized numbers. For instance, one can define, perhaps, a finite numbers a particular form of interaction between two numbers of infinite size.

These natural foundation of infinite-sized numbers I have called "essence numbers".

A slightly different point of view can be erected on the probability that the notion of mind transcend any one person's mind, and that which is most meaningful to mind in some general and abstract sense, is indeed most meaningful in itself--and can give rise to clear ideas and clear thoughts about what numbers, in essence, are all

about.

And what is meaningful to human minds, and thus, possibly to mind in general, is the idea of the number that is not only finite but limited within to around 7 or 8 or possibly 9 digits. This is the 32-bit number domain, which goes into billions but not further, and a whole programming language can be devoted to, so to speak, the structure of 32-bit numbers, the G15 PMN language I have made is a particularly good case in point.

A number series like 1, 1, 1 and onwards can be seen, of course, to be something like equivalent to an algorithm in this language, eg, like,

```
showdigits=
```

```
LL:1
```

```
  i1
```

```
  nn
```

```
  q1
```

```
LO.
```

[This is slightly stylized in how it is written; the real G15 PMN doesn't use indents nor capital letters this way.]

While a number series up to about two billion, starting with 2 and going up to 4, 6, 8 and onwards, can be seen to be equivalent, more or less, to an algorithm rather like this:

```
showthis=
```

```
LL:1000000000
```

```
  i1
```

```
  2
```

```
  mm
```

```
  nn
```

```
LO.
```

Indeed these algorithms can be laid out as streams of numbers themselves, using for instance the easy and obvious ASCII 7-bit scheme in which capital A is 65 and the uppercase is found by adding 32, and 48 is zero and some other characters like * is 42.

The Thesis of Essential Numbers

To summarize a somewhat different point of view--where the exploration under the heading of 'essence numbers' was a playful act of perception to get away from the cantorinan dogma of so-called 'natural numbers' and the distinction to so-called 'real numbers'--and all that--we hereby introduce the idea of 'essential numbers'.

The essential numbers are the finite 32-bit numbers, signed, from about minus two billion to about plus two billion. These are sometimes used without an obvious reference, or they may refer to an algorithm like one in G15 PMN, when they are in sequence. A sequence of them can be again numbered within the 32-bit region. Also, a sequence of sequences can be numbered in this way, at several levels upwards, or sideways, or 'in depth', depending on perspective, but the number of levels is again with 32-bit.

These numbers are, in a way, static. But they are shaped by Mind, and by "Mind" we do not refer to any person's particular mind, but rather assume that Mind does exist as a primary infinite. Mind carries the 32-bit numbers insofar as they are meaningful.

Furthermore, Mind may perceive relationships between the numbers, ie, as within a sequence of numbers or relative to another sequence of numbers, and by the act of perception, and attention-giving, there is a movement in Mind and the movement involves change of numbers. The

word 'infinite' as regards number simply refer to a change, to movement.

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APPLICATION OF THE JUST-MENTIONED THOUGHT, OR INSIGHT

For those acquainted with various ways of looking at matter as something emanating from a more universal sort of mind, whether it is tied up to a religious description or in a more vague pantheistic sense, there is something to be gathered from contemplating over Plato's ideas of eternal forms--a sense of Light In Itself--and from contemplating over the classical Western philosopher, Bishop Berkeley, when he describes the world as imagined by the mind of the ultimate being. This echoes many teachings throughout the world and Indian thinkers are known to have a number of creation myths of this sort.

This is perhaps most properly called--to go along with Aristotle, or how Aristotle's text were edited--Meta-physics, because, as he says, it comes 'after physics'--meta ta physica.

One reflects over the world in its content, but steps back and reflects on the reflection. Do we reach a view, as some Greeks before Plato did, that the world in some sense 'is' numbers?

Now an application of the view of essential numbers as described here is this: the world is this sort of numbers.

Its change is as suggested, the mind-processes surrounding these. They provide contexts for the interpretation of each other, like G15 PMN algorithms for instance can interact with elements outside of these algorithms that in principle can be such algorithms. The empirically grasped complexity of this universe from the point of view of the human being with his or her measuring instruments in one spot of the universe may be accurate or inaccurate; may be interpreted slightly correctly or extremely incorrectly, but it does seem right to say that the complexity of existence in toto is enormous. Too enormous for 32-bit? Not when we talk sequences of sequences, limited in upper limits and in terms of quantity of levels by 32-bit.

An example is how a perfectly normal set of 32-bit algorithms can encode character strings of numbers that are eg, in a sense, 60 bit, or slightly more, in such a way as to do a form of calculation upon them and store the results back and show them as a sort of numbers which go beyond the 32-bit range. That is to say, 32-bit is not just 32-bit: because the interplay equates to more bits.

That is not to say that 32-bit is arbitrary. It is not, when mind is primary, meaning that meaning is primary. And at no point do we say a 'limitless' sequence or suggest 'infinitely many levels' to physical creation. We say, there are limits, indeed jumps, indeed whole number oriented jumps, and at some level something of this is briefly and vaguely hinted at (but only hinted at) in the findings associated with what in the 20th century was termed "quantum physics".

This is not a deterministic universe picture: perhaps because the numbers are seen to express perceptions and perceptions are by nature alive in a mind; which means there is mind; so the universe seen this way is alive; the numbers are merely a clue to an understanding of metaphysics (and for a more concrete picture, see the

super-model theory of this author).

Yet when mind decides, naturally, it can be as deterministic as Spinoza wanted; what you are, is in a chapter in a book already written: quite possibly, do you object? But it may be that in less objection, there is more fun in that chapter: and that by not quite understanding this, you are indeed playing well the role in that chapter.

That suggests the following view: to think about determinism versus indeterminism in reality is akin to thinking about finiteness versus infinitudes as for collections, and these thinking processes, like other strong things in life, should be taken in moderate doses and then only perhaps once a month or so :)

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FOR THOSE SO INCLINED:
A VAGUELY COPTIC CHRISTIAN RENDERING

In this, the third part of this introduction I've written to essential numbers, I seek to meet those who wish to

engage in a more religious interpretation, or, more precisely, 'rendering', of essential numbers.

The view of Bishop Berkeley is taken for granted in its most general form, that is number 1 proposal in this regard. The mind of God has something in it, and the manifest existence is part of what is in the mind of God and that is the only existence it has.

By 'vaguely coptic christian' I mean the following view, which resonates with the early coptic christians as I read their viewpoints, although this sort of view was more or less dissolved as the centuries went by: The mind of God, whose content lends existence to the universe, can of course entertain such content as contain an image of itself, projected into this universe and can, as it were, step into this projection and in that way physically be inside creation in a unique way. The easy way of putting this thought is that the 'flesh' of God is other than the flesh of other beings; and that is a coptic view that was in early days of Christian church history was deemed 'heretic' by other branches. These other branches, which included the so-called 'catholic' one, held that the flesh of the manifest God was that of a normal human being; but the copts claimed this flesh to be God, not human.

All this sort of religious philosophical view is, of course, rather meaningless to those who prefer a more atheistic take on the universe; however the atheistic take on the universe may be false and it may be of value for those who believe in the religion of atheism to consider the crossing perspective, namely, that atheism is a false religious belief and that there are other beliefs that have greater truth value.

The contribution of some of those who have claimed adherence to the atheistic religion is that they have

pursued such as number understanding, and looked at abstract principles as a way to understand the concrete. We shall now do the same, but without adhering to the religion of atheism. That could provide a bridge for those who believe in the religion of atheism to shift religion to something perhaps more true, in the opinion of this writer.

Firstly, let us consider the idea that numbers, whole numbers, of the meaning 32-bit kind--naturally created by multiplying 2 with 2 up to 31 or 32 times--are imagined by a universal sort of Mind. That is sounding much like an abstract principle; and yet it begs the question, Whose Mind? The question suggests the possibility of an ultimate being. There are other approaches to trying to discuss this question, but that is clearly one of the possibilities.

It is typical for any general description of Mind to include that of self-reference. In other words, it is not unlikely that, in case there is a being whose mind is, so to speak, The Mind, that this being visualizes itself, and have other forms of awareness, self-consciousness, self-reference. It is further likely, given that this Mind engages in 32-bit number visualization, that at least some of these visualizations (and other forms of imagination) are given to just such self-reference.

Self-reference in a living mind is inevitably something infinite. A 32-bit number, and any 32-bit quantity of 32-bit numbers, up to 32-bit in quantity of levels, are still finite, although the complexity is terrific. It is therefore fairly clear that self-reference on behalf of an infinite Mind doing finite visualization cannot be complete within this finite visualization. There will always be something incomplete about it.

This incompleteness in the finite self-reference aspect of the otherwise infinitely self-referring ultimate Mind suggests a sense of experimentation, creativity, even striving; thus a sense of intent--and in super-model theory we have suggested such a similar-sounding general principle of movement, the PMW, or Principle of a tendency of Movement towards Wholeness. This wholeness can be thought of as for example the tendency of figuring out new ways in which something 32-bit can mirror something essentially infinite.

When such a being, whose nature is infinite, whose mind is infinite, and whose mind contains structures involving making 32-bit numbers, these numbers, or some aspects of them, becomes the multiverse in its many levels, and a branch of this is our universe: this is a view that arguably is compatible with every empirical observation known to modern science, and it is not an overly complex proposition in its most general form. Only by looking away from the complexity of the whole set of observations of science can one 'narrow down' something to a cut'n'dried theory-bit such as the Bohr interpretation of quantum theory, or the Einstein interpretation of light constancy phenomena. It is in widening the scope that the quest for simplicity challenges the earlier ideas of simplicity, and that is how the super-model theory was erected, and as a help on its way, the Implicate Order philosophy and theory by David Bohm provided useful insights.

Back to the coptic view: here, the being, whose endeavour to make a universe, does so by 32-bit work, so to speak: numbers, algorithms, representations of numbers by other numbers, by other algorithms, in a way that begins to yield visualizations and other forms of imagination with semi-stable components; some aspects of some of these components look to manifest humans as 'natural laws'. And the coptic view involves that there is an injection, so

to speak, into these numbers of the being who is behind them, investing some of these numbers with such significance that they are 'a different sort of flesh'.

In any span of mind in which there is an intention, and thus an excitement, an impulse to bridge this excitement, there is a tension, and an essential tension, as has been intuited in many religious approaches, not in the least the Greek ones, is that of sexuality. Thus, for instance, Zeus becomes lusty on creatures in his own creation and transforms himself constantly to seduce them; and this doesn't mean Zeus has lost his head nor his fairness nor his goodness; he can re-attain at any time to the position of the fair but stern judge with the staff as King of Gods. And with him are the Muses who give voice to the beings of his creation. Being woven as part of many myths, poems, fairy tales, there are many spins on this sort of story, but it is rather clear that Zeus--the very word leading to the Latin 'Deus'--became rather divided up by the so-called 'catholic' church into one spiritual and fair being, and one non-fair sexual being. Yet the coptic view has something that goes a bit more back to the origin idea of Zeus, again, and says:

The 'flesh' of the being who is ultimate, and who is amongst the humans, is holy: just like Zeus, being the source, must be regarded as more holy than anything else, walks among others in his own creation when he feels like it and becomes fascinated with young females of great beauty and charm. The fact that he has in a way created them all doesn't prevent him from feeling a challenge in seducing them, reaching out to them: he goes as far as to transform himself even into animals on occasion, in order to achieve this.

One may ask, how can a creator become infatuated with some bits of own creation,--how come this creator isn't

entirely 'beyond' and 'disinterested' in this creation? But, as we saw, that has--and I believe this will appeal to the person who is migrating from atheism into a more meaningful understanding of existence and cosmos, more in tune with the subtleties of the physical phenomena encountered, and more in tune with the deeper intuitions I believe lies in every human being--an explanation in that the self-reference of the ultimate being is never fully met in the partial self-reference of the finite, 32-bit oriented creation. This being partial means that there are steadily new challenges of self-reference, and these challenges can transform themselves into sexual excitement feelings in which the concept of 'seeking fulfilment', ie, orgasmic fulfilment, becomes natural.

Those so inclined may see in this something of the beyond-gender aspect of the ultimate being, called Zeus or something else: namely, that this being, perhaps casting itself more as male than female, looks to female to find a more complete sense of self-reference 'again'. And indeed, the word "religion", or "re-ligion", involves a sort of perceiving or reading in between the lines "all over again", with the core word "re-" as in "repetition".

For those who wish to explore whole finite numbers up to about a billion or two--the 32-bit numbers, signed, in order to come across great beauty and art in themselves, but who do not know how to start: start by looking into Fibonacci numbers, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34 and such; and Prime numbers, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29 and such. Look at the amazing structures that arises from considering the deeper implications of these whole numbers that are as embedded inside other whole numbers once we apply merely addition and subtraction, multiplication and simple division on them. Work also with algorithms doing simple things with these essential numbers. That makes an artist of you, when you melt it with living, physical,

sexual/esthetical experience and expression.

The atheist may still ask, well, then, what about causes and effects? Surely these are real?

Nay, they are but correlations, on the edges of numbers, a map of some patterns that happen to be flowing through your senses and minds right now.

What is real is distance-transcending unfolding patterns of essential numbers at too many levels for the human mortal mind to comprehend in detail, but with the possibility of comprehending them in general. The human story is infinite because it is God's own story. And cause and effect are not, except tokens pointing at times illusory, at times more correctly, into this mind, which is the source of all minds, souls, hearts, and it is this source, and that aspect of each mortal being that is near this source, that is immortal. In that way, we come from general principles to a concrete religious understanding in which souls are immortal and real but bodies transient, except the coptically understood "body of God"; and in which there is some free-wheeling reality to reincarnation flowing naturally from this complex understanding of reality.

More about that other places.

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